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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/709,339	04/29/2004	Do-Kyoung Kwon	MTKP0170USA	3338	
27765 NORTH AME	7590 01/31/2008 RICA INTELLECTUAL I	EXAMINER			
P.O. BOX 506			VO, TUNG T		
MERRIFIELD, VA 22116			ART ÜNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		2621			
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			01/31/2008	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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		Application No).	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/709,339		KWON ET AL.			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
. <u> </u>	The MAII ING DATE of this communication ann	Tung Vo	er sheet with the c	2621 orrespondence address			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE <u>03</u> MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 December 2007.						
• —	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-4 and 18-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 5-17 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers							
 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
2) Notice 3) Infor	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date 12/13/07; 12/16/07; 12/17/07.	5) [Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D Notice of Informal I Other:	ate			

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3 and 19-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Joch et al. (US 7,227,901).

Re claim 1, Joch teaches a method for reducing a blocking artifact in a video stream (fig. 5), the method comprising: determining a region mode to be one of active region (p0...p3; q0...q3 are activities pixels blocks of fig. 3a, wherein determination of the activity on the line (boundary line) is above or below the activity threshold; fig. 3b), smooth region (smooth areas, col. 14, lines 38-47), or dormant region (120 and 122 of fig. 5, inter and intra regions) for the block boundary in the video stream (112 of fig. 5); and

filtering (44 of fig. 4, 120-134 of fig. 5) a plurality of pixels around the block boundary to reduce the blocking artifact according to the region mode; wherein filtering the pixels around the block boundary comprises first filtering the pixels at the block boundary (120, YES, of fig. 5, see also figs. 3b and 6) and next filtering pixels not adjacent to the pixels at the block boundary (122 of fig. 5; see also figs. 3b and 6).

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Re claim 2, Joch further discloses wherein filtering the plurality of pixels further comprises filtering pixels at the block boundary (116 of fig. 5), filtering pixels away from the block boundary (122 of fig. 5, not intra coded block), and then filtering remaining pixels between the pixels at the block boundary (intra coded block, Yes, 120 of fig. 5, then filtering, 128-134 of fig. 5) and the pixels away from the block boundary (122 of fig. 5), wherein the filter (44 of fig. 4) would be able to filter the pixels adjacent the boundary block and the pixels away from the boundary block (fig. 3b)

Re claim 3, Joch further teaches wherein determining the region mode for the block boundary between the adjacent blocks in the video stream further comprises: calculating an activity value representing the local activity around the block boundary (col. 13, lines 45-50; 112 of fig. 5); and determining the region mode (120 of fig. 5) according to the activity value.

Re claim 19, Joch further discloses determining a filtering range according to block coding types (inter or intra coding types, col. 11, lines 1-11) of the adjacent blocks in the video stream; wherein the filtering range specifies a number of pixels to filter around the block boundary (col. 11, lines 8-11, wherein inter coded (not intra coded) block size ranging from 16x16 pixels to 4x4 pixels, so the intra-coded block size would obviously 4x4 pixels).

Re claim 20, Joch further teaches wherein according to the block coding types (inter coded block size ranging 16x16 pixels to 4x4 pixels; intra code block size 4x4 pixels to zero; col. 11, lines 8-11) of the adjacent blocks in the video stream, determining the filtering range to be up to eight pixels around the block boundary (25 and 47 of fig. 3a).

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Re claim 21, Joch further teaches wherein determining a filtering range according to the block coding types of the adjacent blocks in the video stream (col. 11, lines 8-11) further comprises: if at least one of the adjacent blocks is an intra-coded block (Each inter-coded macroblock 24 can be partitioned in a number of different ways, using blocks of seven different sizes, with luminance block sizes ranging from 16.times.16 pixels to 4.times.4 pixels, col. 11, lines 8-11, this would obviously suggest the intra coded, where block size would be 4x4 pixels), determining the filtering range to be up to four pixels around the block boundary; and if none of the adjacent blocks are intra-coded blocks (intra coded blocks, col. 11, lines 8-11), determining the filtering range to be up to eight pixels around the block boundary (16x16 pixels to 4x4 pixels, col. 11, lines 8-11).

Re claim 22, Joch further teaches wherein the video stream is an MPEG video stream (25 of fig. 29).

3. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Joch et al. (US 7,227,901) in view of Ameres et al. (US 7,027,654).

Re claim 4, Joch teaches the content activity measure is derived from the absolute value of the separation between sample values of p0, p1, q0, q1 on either side of the boundary 47 (col. 13, lines 23-28).

It is noted that Joch does not particularly teach wherein calculating the activity value comprises summing absolute differences between pixels V around the block boundary as follows:

$$\mathbf{ACTIVEY} = \sum_{i=1}^6 |v_i - v_{i+1}| \doteq \sum_{i=1}^{10} |v_i - v_{i+1}|$$

However, Ameres teaches calculating the activity value (col. 5, lines 1-10) comprises summing absolute differences between pixels V around the block boundary using the formulas (col. 5, lines 1-10) follows:

$$Side ISAD = \sum_{i=1}^{4} abs(x_i - x_{i-1})$$

$$Side2SAD = \sum_{i=5}^{9} abs(x_i - x_{i-1})$$

Taking the teachings of Joch and Ameres as a whole, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teachings of Ameres into the method of Joch in order to reduce the decoder complexity on vector processing machines that are capable of doing the same operation to multiple values stored sequentially in a machine's registers by lowering the complexity of the 2 dimensional transform and decoding time.

4. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Joch et al. (US 7,227,901) in view of Hsu et al. (US 2005/0013497).

Re claim 18, Joch further teaches if the video stream comprises video frame, performing an interpolation operation to estimate pixel values in frames before filtering the pixels around the block boundary (col. 11, lines 27-29). Joch does not particularly teach if the video stream

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comprises interlaced video, performing an interpolation operation to estimate pixel values in an interlaced field before filtering the pixels around the block boundary as claimed.

Hsu teaches a video decoder decodes a motion vector for a current interlaced macroblock (e.g., a frame or field macroblock) and obtains a prediction macroblock for the current macroblock using the decoded motion vector [0043], this would obviously suggest if the video stream comprises interlaced video, performing an interpolation operation to estimate pixel values in an interlaced field.

Therefore, taking the teachings of Joch and Hsu as a whole, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the teachings of Hsu into the method of Joch in order to provide rounding leads to lower implementation costs by favoring less complicated positions for interpolation (e.g., integer and half-integer locations).

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 12/10/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The applicant argued that Joch does not disclose "determining a region mode to be one of active region, smooth region, or dormant region" in the remarks.

The examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant. It is submitted that Joch teaches determining a region mode to be one of active region (fig. 3b, activity on the line (boundary line) is above or below the activity threshold), (smooth areas, col. 14, lines 38-47), or dormant region (120 and 122 of fig. 5, inter and intra regions). In view of the discussion above, the claimed invention is unpatentable over Joch.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 5-17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Either Joch, Hsu, or Ameres does not particularly teach or suggest if at least one of the adjacent blocks is an intra-coded block:

if the activity value is greater than a first threshold, determining the region mode to be an active region;

if the activity value is less than the first threshold but greater than a second threshold, determining the region mode to be a smooth region; and

if the activity value is less than the second threshold, determining the region mode to be a dormant region; and

if none of the adjacent blocks are intra-coded blocks:

if the activity value is greater than a third threshold, determining the region mode to be an active region;

if the activity value is less than the third threshold but greater than the second threshold, determining the region mode to be a smooth region; and

if the activity value is less than the second threshold, determining the region mode to be a dormant region as specified in claim 5.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tung Vo whose telephone number is 571-272-7340. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mehrdad Dastouri can be reached on 571-272-7418. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Tung Vo V
Primary Examiner
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